



The Aarskog FOUNDATION

AARSKOG-SYNDROME

INHERITANCE- X-linked recessive

GROWTH

Height

- Short stature, mild to moderate

Other

- Failure to thrive
- Delayed puberty
- Increased upper to lower segment ratio

HEAD & NECK

Face

- Round face
- Maxillary hypoplasia
- Wide philtrum
- Curved linear dimple below the lower lip

Ears

- Fleshy earlobes

Eyes

- Hypertelorism
- Ptosis
- Downslanting palpebral fissures
- Strabismus
- Hyperopia

Nose

- Small, short nose
- Anteverted nostrils
- Broad nasal bridge

Mouth

- Cleft lip

- Cleft palate
- Teeth
- Hypodontia
- Neck
- Short neck with or without webbing

CHEST

Ribs Sternum Clavicles & Scapulae

- Pectus excavatum

ABDOMEN

External Features

- Prominent umbilicus
- Inguinal hernia

GENITOURINARY

External Genitalia (Male)

- Small scrotum

Internal Genitalia (Male)

- Cryptorchidism

SKELETAL

Spine

- Cervical spine hypermobility
- Odontoid hypoplasia
- Scoliosis

Hands

- Short, broad hands
- Brachydactyly
- Clinodactyly
- Mild syndactyly
- Single transverse palmar crease
- Finger joint hyperextensibility

Feet

- Short broad feet

SKIN, NAILS, & HAIR

Skin

- Single transverse palmar crease

Hair

- Widow's peak

NEUROLOGIC

Central Nervous System

- Mental retardation (one-third)
- Attention deficit disorder - ADD
- Hyperactivity

MISCELLANEOUS

- Normal fertility

MOLECULAR BASIS

- Caused by mutation in the faciogenital dysplasia gene (FGD1, 300546.0001)